[NUMB. 1851.]

THE South-Carolina GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1771.

CHARLES-TOWN, APRIL 18.

By Captain James Bailey, *who came up in a Pilot-Boat last Tuesday, from on board the Ship* Nancy, *Captain* Jordan, *from* Cowes *bound for* Georgia *(which passed by this Bar that Day) we have Letters and London Prints, from several of* our Correspondents, *to the* 2d *of* February; *confirming that the Dispute between* GREAT-BRITAIN *and* SPAIN, *in Regard to* Falkland's *Island, was accommodated the* 22d *of the preceding Month;—upon Terms that* the Nation *in general seemed to think* dishonourable, *but which will certainly be* approved of *by the* ministerial Majority *in both Houses of Parliament, notwithstanding any Clamour that may be made by the* Minority.—*In short, Matters are settled just in the Manner we always thought they would be—the Spaniards have* promised *Restitution of the* Port *and* Fort *of* Egmont; *not relinquishing their Claim of* Right *to the Island;—the Payment of the* Manilla Ranfom *has not been so much as mentioned;—nor does it appear, that* any Demand *has been made, of Reimbursement of any Part of the immense Expence the Nation has been put to on Account of this Dispute.*

LONDON, FEBRUARY 2.

Substance of the DEBATES, *on laying before two* GREAT ASSEMBLIES *the* DECLARATION *of the* SPANISH AMBASSADOR, *and the Earl of* ROCHFORD'S ACCEPTANCE *of the said* DECLARATION.

FRIDAY afternoon, January 25, the Right Honourable Lord NORTH, laid before the HOUSE OF COMMONS, by His Majesty's command, the two following papers.

TRANSLATION *of the* DECLARATION *signed and delivered by Prince de* Maserano, *Ambassador Extraordinary from his Catholic Majesty, dated the* 22d *day of January,* 1771.

HIS Britannic Majesty having complained of the violence which was committed on the 10th of June, 1770, at the island commonly called the Great Malouine, and by the English Falkland-Island, in obliging by force, the commander, and subjects of his Britannic Majesty, to evacuate the port by them called Egmont; a step offensive to the honour of his crown;—the Prince de Maserano, Ambassador extraordinary of his Catholic Majesty, has received orders to declare, and declares, that his Catholic Majesty, considering the desire with which he is animated for peace, and for the maintenance of good harmony with his Britannic Majesty, and reflecting that this event might interrupt it, has seen with displeasure, this expedition tending to disturb it; and in the persuasion in which he is, of the reciprocity of sentiments of his Britannic Majesty; and of its being far from his intention to authorize any thing that might disturb the good understanding between the two courts; his Catholic Majesty does disavow the said violent enterprize;—and in consequence, the Prince de Maserano declares, that his Catholic Majesty engages to give immediate orders, that things shall be restored in the Great Malouine, at the port called Egmont, precisely to the state in which they were before the 10th of June, 1770; for which purpose his Catholic Majesty will give orders to one of his officers, to deliver up to the officer, authorized by his Britannic Majesty, the port and fort called Egmont; with all the artillery, stores, and effects of his Britannic Majesty, and his subjects, which were at that place, the day above-named; agreeable to the inventory which has been made of them.

The Prince de Maserano declares, at the same time, in the name of the King his master, that the engagement of his said Catholic Majesty, to restore to his Britannic Majesty, the possession of the fort and port called Egmont; cannot, nor ought any wise, to affect the question of the prior right of sovereignty of the Malouine islands, otherwise called Falkland's islands. In witness whereof the under-written Ambassador extraordinary, have signed the present declaration with my usual signature, and caused it to be sealed with our arms. London, the Twenty-second day of January, One thousand seven hundred and seventy-one. (L. S.) Signed

Le Prince de MASERANO.

TRANSLATION *of the Earl of* Rochford's ACCEPTANCE, *dated the* 22d *day of January,* 1771, *of the Prince de* Maserano's *declaration of the same date.*

HIS Catholic Majesty having authorised the Prince of Maserano, his Ambassador extraordinary, to offer, in his Majesty's name, to the King of Great-Britain, a satisfaction for the injury done to his Britannic Majesty, by dispossessing him of the port and fort of Port Egmont; and the said Ambassador having this day signed a declaration, which he has just delivered me, expressing therein, that his Catholic Majesty being desirous to restore the good harmony and friendship which before subsisted between the two crowns, does disavow the expedition against Port Egmont, in which force has been used against his Britannic Majesty's possessions, commander, and subjects; and does also engage that all things shall be immediately restored to the precise situation in which they stood before the 10th of June, 1770. And that his Catholic Majesty shall give orders, in consequence, to one of his officers, to deliver up to the officer, authorized by his Britannic Majesty, the Port and and Fort of Port Egmont; as also all his Britannic Majesty's artillery, stores, and effects, as well as those of his subjects, according to the inventory which has been made of them. And the said Ambassador having moreover engaged, in his Catholic Majesty's name, that what is contained in the said declaration, shall be carried into effect, by his said Catholic Majesty; and that duplicates of his Catholic Majesty's orders to his officers, shall be delivered into the hands of one of his Britannic Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, within six weeks. His said Britannic Majesty, in order to shew the same friendly dispositions on his part, has authorised me to declare, that he will look upon the said declaration of Prince de Maserano, together with the full performance of the said engagement, on the part of his Catholic majesty, as a satisfaction for the injury done to the crown of Great-Britain. In witness whereof, I, underwritten, one of his majesty's principal secretaries of state, have signed these presents with my usual signature, and caused them to be sealed with our arms. London, the 22d day of January, 1771.

(L.S.) Signed,

ROCHFORD.

After the clerk had read the papers,

Lord *North* said, when the merits of the Spanish declaration came under the examination of the house, he would avow the part he had taken in the negotiation.

Mr. *Dowdeswell* moved, that all the papers, letters, instructions to our ministers, &c. &c. relative to the taking of Falkland's Island, and the negotiation with Spain upon the subject, might be laid before the house.

Lord *North* consented; only he desired the papers might be moved for in three distinct motions, instead of being all included in one.

Mr. *Dunning* made an objection as to the distinction, between one motion and three, for the same thing.

Mr. *Dowdeswell* agreed to Lord *North*'s request.

Mr. *Dyson* made an objection about some words in the motion, conveying (as he said) a meaning contrary to a part of the King's speech at the opening of the present session.

Colonel *Barré* shewed, that the words objected to, were copied *exactly* from the King's speech. He called the Spanish declaration, *scandalous* and *infamous*; *dishonourable* to the crown, and *disgraceful* to the nation. He said, when the merits of this declaration came under examination, he should speak fully to it; for he had much to say upon it, and should therefore reserve himself for that day, But at present he could not help observing that there was not a man in England who did not condemn that declaration. What, four months arming! and four months negotiating! and is this all!—The noble Lord (Lord *North*) said in this house before the holidays, that Spain should pay a part of the expence we have been at, in making preparations to resent the insult. But there is not a word of the expence in the declaration. The enemy was not ignorant of the weakness and cowardly dispositions of the ministers. The enemy know you dare not go to war (to Lord North) and therefore refuse to make us any satisfaction. There is not an honest man in England, who does not abhor the present set of Ministers. There is not a petty Prince in Europe, who does not laugh at and despise them. Thus it is in the power of any individual to put us to an enormous expence, and our Ministers dare not avenge the affront. They dare not go to war, because they are afraid they shall lose their places. Thus the nation is exposed to insults abroad; and it is left a prey to jobbers and sharpers at home. A French Secretary, being in your secrets, has made near half a million of money by gaming in your funds. *. And some of the highest among yourselves, have been deeply concerned in the same scandalous traffic. But a day of reckoning will come. This country cannot be in quiet, while every thing that is dear and valuable to the people, is thus ravished from them.

Lord *North* denied that he had ever said Spain should pay a part of the expence. He declared, that he could not have said so, because he had never entertained the least idea of making such a demand.

Mr. *Charles Fox* said, he did not remember the noble Lord to have ever made use of any such words.

Colonel *Barré* said, he had not trusted to his own memory only, for his account of that fact. He had asked several other members, who all remembered the words.

Mr. *Burke* said, he remembered the words. He condemned the declaration in very severe terms. He called it *scandalous, infamous*, and *treacherous*. He said, the nation would demand the blood of those who made it. Nothing else could—nothing else would satisfy.—This declaration, this wisdom, this spirit of the Ministry, this vindication of the honour of the Crown, this security of the rights of the subject, which all lie in a nutshell, has cost the nation above *two millions of money!* The Land-Tax was prematurely voted; an additional army of 13,000 men have been voted, and they must all be paid; a great number of ships have been put into commission, at a great expence to the public; and all this for what? Why, to procure that scandalous, base, and dishonourable declaration that lies upon the table.——The Ministers made no reply.

The same day the Earl of Rochford laid before the House of Lords the said Declaration and Acceptance. After the reading, the Lords in the Administration sat silent without saying any thing on the subject; whereupon

The Duke of Manchester observed, that such silence was extraordinary; that though upon the face of the declaration it appeared very inadequate and insufficient,, yet he would form no final judgment without further information, and therefore made a motion similar to that which on the same day had been made in theHouse of Commons, in substance being, that all the information which had been received by Administration, of the designs of Spain upon Falkland Islands, and the papers that passed in the subsequent negociation for the reparation of that injury, should be laid before the house.

Lord Rochford, with great candour said, he wished every information relative to this matter, to be laid before the house, and should not therefore oppose the motion, but would add a few words to it, to restrain it to the business of Falkland's-Island, which he thought was not sufficiently guarded in the words of the motion.

Lord Sandwich was not satisfied with this, and altered the amendment,

The Duke of Richmond observed, that Lord Sandwich's words were moved evidently on the ground of some reservation; that the motion confined the enquiry to the business of Falkland's Islands, which ought to be the only restriction, and therefore the amendment was unnecessary, or meant something that it should not.

Lord Radnor said, that Lord Rochford had first moved the amendment, there was no harm in it, though it was unnecessary; but he suspected something, since Lord Sandwich had altered it.

Lord Sandwich then said, his amendment, instead of narrowing, *enlarged* the question.

Lord Chatham remarked, that this generosity, in giving more than was asked, was very suspicious; that if Administration had no objection to what was asked, why not give it without making any alteration in the motion? People would suspect that something was meant to be kept back. He said he would not go into the matter of the Declaration, but that upon the face of it, it appeared to be an *ignominous compromise*. It was no satisfaction, no reparation. The *right* was not secured; and even the *restitution* was incomplete; that *Port Egmont* alone is restored, not *Falkland's Islands*.

Lord Lyttleton earnestly advised the Administration, for their own sakes, not to create suspicions; that they ought to begin to inspire the people with some confidence; the want of which was the great defect of the present age.

Lord Camden said, the defence of the amendment proved there was something meant by it.

Lord Rochford then finding that his plain meaning lost all credibility and effect, by Lord Sandwich's having meddled in it, withdrew his amendment, and the original motion was agreed to, without alteration.

The Duke of Richmond said, he had another motion to make. That which had been agreed to would bring out all the negotiation with Spain; but as the world had strange suspicions that *France had too much to do in this transaction*, it was necessary to clear this matter, and therefore moved for the papers that had passed between our Ministers and those of France in this negotiation.

Lord Rochford said, he had agreed to giving the other papers, because they existed; but must object to these, because no such were in being.

The Duke of Richmond said, that, though he would not dispute the credibility of Lord Rochford, the nation ought not to take the word of any Minister. Let the motion go: If no such papers existed, the king would say so, and then the king's word, which every body must believe, would be pledged; but if any negotiation with France had been carried on, it was fit the public should see it, and punish those concerned, for it would be giving efficacy to the family compact.

As to the declaration, he said he could not leave the room without making one observation upon it, which was distinct from all information that the papers might produce; and it was, that he wondered any minister should dare accept, in the King's name, a declaration in which *the rights of sovereignty of the island is brought into dispute*; that in the time he was in administration, the Spanish Ambassador had attempted to make it a matter of discussion; but that he, and he believed all other ministers to this day, had never suffered it to be so much as made a matter of doubt.

Lord Chatham strongly supported the Duke of Richmond's motion. He said, that society should never take the word of a minister; that the refusing this motion shewed that some *transactions* with France had passed, perhaps not *papers* or *memorials*. As Lord Rochford said none had passed he believed him; but that France had *interfered*, he said, he knew to be a fact that could not be denied.

Lord Rochford got up again, but made no answer to this part of Lord Chatham's charge of verbal communication and negotiation with France. He said he would answer all other charges when the day of examination should come.

The Earl of Suffolk then got up, and said, he had the *utmost confidence in the Ministry*; that as they said no negotiation with France had passed, he thought that assurance fully satisfactory.

The Duke of Richmond repeated, that the nation had a right to more; that the King's word alone would satisfy them; that he would have the Ministers shew the whole of their conduct to the public; if right they would receive their thanks; but for his part, while they pursued their present system of oppression at home, and meanness to foreign powers, he would never alter his opposition to them.

The majority over-ruled the question.

[* *It is said Mr.* Francois, *Secretary to the French Ambassador, has realized above Half a Million in the Alley. The Spanish Minister had orders to sign the Declaration at least six days before he did. Francois, and others, knew this. They duped their friends,* Touchet, *&c. who wanted to get intelligence.* Bradshaw *has likewise lost considerably. There were six lame Ducks on Thursday last.*]

New Advertisements.

Charles-Town, April 16, 1771.

This is to give Notice,

THAT all DEBTS due to Mr. WILLIAM BAKER, deceased, which remain UNPAID the first Day of *May* next, will be sued for, without Distinction.

WILLIAM BURROWS, JOHN LLOYD, } *Assignees.*

HYSON TEA,

EXCEEDING fine, at *Five Pounds* Cash, the Pound; to be SOLD, by *Mansell, Corbett, & Roberts.*

For PHILADELPHIA,

(To sail in Ten Days)

THE BRIGANTINE

BOLTON,

JOHN HARR, *Commander.*

A Fine new Vessel, with excellent Accommodations for Passengers.—Two-thirds of her Cargo are ready to go on Board: For Freight of the Remainder, or Passage, apply to the Master on Board, or

DANIEL & ISAAC BOURDEAUX.

N. B. Said Vessel will carry Passengers to NEW-YORK, should any offer to make it worth her While to touch at that Place.

STOLEN on *Thursday* Night last, off the Green before my Door in ANSONBOROUGH, a roan coloured HORSE, about 14 Hands high, paces and trots, and canters a middling Gate; branded on the mounting Buttock and Shoulder W; his fore Feet shod, and has some Hair rubbed off both his Sides by the Chair-Traces. Whoever will deliver the said Horse to me, shall receive TWO DOLLARS Reward; and any Person that will give Information of the Thief, so that he may be brought to Justice, shall be entitled to a Reward of TEN POUNDS Currency.

TUNES TEBOUT.

[Turn to the last Page.]

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

PUBLIC-TREASURY, APRIL 8th, 1771.

THE JUSTICES living and residing within the Parishes of ST. PHILIP and ST. MICHAEL, CHARLES-TOWN, having, on EASTER MONDAY, granted their Certificates to the under-mentioned Persons; they are hereby desired and required, to call at the Office and take out their LICENCES, on or before the 30th Instant, at fartheſt.

HENRY PERONNEAU,
BENJAMIN DART, } *Joint Public-Treasurers.*

Names.	*Place of Residence.*
AMOSS, JAMES	Upon the Bay
Anderson, Jane	Unity-Alley
Bagshaw, Thomas	Upon the Bay
Benfield, John	Elliott-street
Bonar, Barbary	Meeting-street
Bull, Fenwicke	Upon the Bay
Blacklidge, Mary	King-street
Bishop, John	Upon the Bay
Byers, Robert	King-street
Butler, Sarah	Upon the Bay
Bryan, John	King-street
Burkmeyer, Daniel	Meeting-street
Beard, Ann	Trott's Point
Brennan, Eugene	Elliott-street
Beaird, Joshua	Meeting-street
Boyden, Ann	Union-street
Badger, Abigail	Bedon's Alley
Briggs, Elizabeth	Trott's Point
Cottiran, John	King-street
Cook, Eleanor	Upon the Bay
Connelly, Thomas	King-street
Cutliffebaultz, Barbara	Meeting-street
Clime, Catharine	King-street
Calwell, Rebecca	Bedon's Alley
Church, Elizabeth	Unity Alley
Creighton, William	King-street
Calhoon, George	King-street
D'Elliett, Andrew	Upon the Bay
Dillon, Robert	Broad-street
Deeg, Mary-Macdelon	King-street
Eustace, Thomas	King-street
Emerson, Joseph	Union-street
Farnft, Margaret	Upon the Green
Fgerton, Nancy	Tradd-street
Ellis, John	Upon the Bay
Evenette, Lydia	Trott's Point
Florin, Lucas	King-street
Fitzpatrick, Mary	Unity Alley
Fleming, Eleanor	Union-street
Fardoe, Thomas	Union street
Francis, Vincent	Upon the Bay
Fallows, James	Upon the Bay
Gillespie, Mary	Upon the Bay
Gray, David	Upon the Bay
Gilchrift, Elizabeth	Union-street
Gruber, Christian	King-street
Gros, Catherine	King-street
Græme, Elizabeth	Union-street
Hulme, William	Upon the Bay
Hill, Ann	Unity Alley
Hughes, Margaret	King-street
Holmes, Elizabeth Jane	Upon the Green
Holliday, William	Upon the Bay
Hart, Joshua	Upon the Bay
Hawes, Ann	Market Square
Jordan, Michael	Up the Path
Johnson, Mary	Union-street
Johnson, Catherine	Union-street
Johnson, Sarah	Market Square
Kelly, Elizabeth	Tradd-street
Keller, Elizabeth	King-street
Kysell, Esther	Queen-street
Kalteison, Elizabeth	King-street
Loschon, Mary	Trott's Point
Loret, Ann	Bedon's Alley
Liber, Christiana	Guignard's Alley
Lewis, Ann	Union-street
Lehre, Mary	King-street
Levy, Joseph	New-Market
Mackenzie, Rebecca	Union-street
Mackenzie, Jane	Union-street
Miskger, Margarita	King-street
McGrah, Richard	King-street
Murrell, Mary	Trott's Point
Nufer, Herman	King-street
Nelson, Margaret	Broad-street
Nights, Elizabeth	Bedon's Alley
Olrick, Margaret	King-street
Patterson, Robert	Union-street
Powell, Joseph	Union-street
Poinsett, Catherine	Elliott-street
Preigle, Margaret	Upon the Green
Price, Daniel	Elliott-street
Pritchard, Ann	Upon the Bay
Rutledge, Rebecca	Mulatto Alley
Randecker, Samuel	Upon the Green
Rutherford, Isabella	Union-street
Rantowle, Sarah	Queen-street
Ramsey, George	Unity Alley
Riddle, Jane	Broad-street
Rofwell, Mary	King-street
Sailor, Catherine	Gadsden's Alley
Smith, David	Union-street
Steward, Margaret	Union-street
Stir, Elizabeth	White Point
Simpson, Mary	Amen Corner
Sanks, Mary	Union-street
Syfritt, Barbara	Trott's Point
Simmons, Susannah	Jean's Alley
Sheets, Christopher	Meeting-street
Smith, Isabella	Unity Alley
Shutterling, John	King street
Swallow, Newman	Upon the Bay
Shrade, Dorothy	King-street
Smith, Christian	Queen-street
Sequel, Urselor	King-street
Swinton, Hugh	Upon the Bay
Taylor, Elizabeth	Union-street
Tufts, Simon	Upon the Bay
Tuke, Hannah	Upon the Bay
Vardell, Elizabeth	King-street
Watson, Catherine	Up the Path
White, Eve	Tradd-street
Wallace, Catherine	Union-street
Wall, Mary	Elliott-street
Young, Mary	Sommers's Alley

Andrew Rutledge,

INFORMS HIS FRIENDS,

That he has imported, in the Ship BEAUFAIN, *Capt.* CURLING, *from* LONDON,

HALF Ell Crow coloured MANTUA's; ¾ Ell brown Ditto, and ¾ Ell Drab colour Ditto, all free from Spots; 9-8 Sheeting Linen, white and brown Russia Drabs, Oznabrugs, Carpenters Claw and Lathing Hammers, Chizzels, Rice Sickles, and Iron Wire Rice Sieves, free from Rust; which with his Assortment on Hand, he will sell at his usual cheap Rate.

N. B. Also a Parcel of good Muscovado Sugar in Kegs, to be sold Cheap.

LOST, and supposed to be Stolen,

Out of a Gentleman's Pocket, on the 28 or 29th of *March*, at Mrs. *Cullatt's*, in *Jathsonsborough*,

A GREEN SILK DRAW-PURSE, containing 10 Half Joes, 2 Moidores, 8 Guineas, a Doublon, two Pistoles, four Dollars, with some small Silver.—— Whoever delivers the same to the Printer hereof, shall be handsomely rewarded; and if any Part thereof should be offered by a Negro, or any suspicious Person, 'tis desired that it may be stopped, and the Party offering the same.

TWO NEGRO WENCHES,

To be HIRED OUT, by the Month or Year:

BOTH of them good Cooks, Washers and Ironers; and one of them a good Seamstress, and Pastry-Cook, and can do any Kind of House-Work. Inquire of the Printer.

To be Sold by private Contract,

(And may be entered upon immediately)

THE HOUSE and LOT in *Broad-Street*, where the Subscriber now resides; with KITCHEN, WASH-HOUSE, BACK-STORES, CELLARS, COACH-HOUSE, STABLES, and every other Conveniency for a private Family, or for a Person in Trade, for which the Situation is equal, if not superior, to any in *Charles-Town*.

The Purchaser may have one, two, or three Years Credit, paying the Intereſt punctually. For further Partticulars; apply to THOMAS-LOUGHTON SMITH.

MISSING,

And supposed to be left at some Friend's House,

A Mettal headed CANE, about three Feet three Inches in Length, with the initial Letters S J, in a Cypher, on the Head. Any Person having the same, will be thanked for delivering it to the Printer.

WHEREAS a Board was taken off the Back of one of my Stores, on the Wharf, some Night this Week, and about Sixty Pounds Weight of blue Indico stolen out of a Barrel, stored in the same.—A Reward of THIRTY POUNDS is offered to any Person on Conviction of the Thief, if a white Person; and TEN POUNDS if a Negro.

If any Indico is offered for Sale by a suspicious Person, please to stop the same, in order to compare with the Remainder of the Cask; which may be seen at my Wharf.

April 4, 1771. JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

FRIAR,

WILL cover this Season at Mr. JAMES RAVENEL's Plantation in *St. John's* Parish; at *Five Pounds* Sterling each Mare, and a *Dollar* to the Groom.—The Money to be sent with the Mares: Any Mares that do not prove with Foal, may be sent the next Year, Gratis.

N. B. FRIAR is kept about a Mile from where he was last Year.—Good Pasturage, and great Care will be taken of the Mares.

To be SOLD,

TWO Tracts of LAND, containing 200 and 350 Acres, on SANTEE, bounding on a Creek, called *Cantey's Creek*, and on Lands now or late of Mr. *John Jones's*.—They are esteemed exceeding good for Indico, Corn, and Hemp, being seldom affected by the Freshes, and were late the Property of Mr. *Mathew Drake*, formerly of *Waccamaw*, and now residing in *England*.

The PLATS and GRANTS are in the Subscriber's Hands, to whom apply: SAMPSON NEYLE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having made some Progress in the Art of making POT and PEARL-ASH, at a considerable Expence: Desires all those who may want Instructions for that Purpose, to call at Mr. BULLINE's, near the *Baptist-Meeting*, on *Ashley-River*, where they may meet with him, and at the same Time that they may serve themselves, oblige *Their most obedient humble Servant*,

JOHN HACKLE.

CHARLES-TOWN, MARCH 7, 1771.

WHEREAS His Honour the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR hath received Information, that the

SMALL-POX

Has broke out among several of the Negroes on board the Brig. *Smyth*, *Elijah Steel* Master, lately arrived from the *West-Indies*; in Consequence whereof, for the better preventing the Infection being brought to *Charles-Town*, as well as that proper Care may be taken of the said Negroes, His Honour hath thought fit to order them to be landed at the PEST-HOUSE on *Sullivant's* Island: And hath ordered, that PUBLIC NOTICE thereof be given, forbidding all Persons to resort to the said Pest-House without proper Permission, as they will answer the same according to Law.

By Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor,

JAMES SIMPSON, *C.C.*

GEORGE GREENLAND

CONTINUES to carry on the FACTORAGE BUSINESS in all its Branches, and will esteem himself much obliged to those who shall please to favour him with the Sale of their Crops, as they may depend on his giving the greatest Attention to their Interest.

He has for Sale, at his Store in Elliott-Street, choice Jamaica, West-India, and Northward Rum; also Cherry Rum, Muscovado Sugar, Salt, *&c.*

N. B. Letters or Orders left for him, will be punctually complied with.

PETER LEGER, & Co.

WHOSE Partnership expired with the First of the present Year, return their sincere Thanks for the past Favours of their Friends; And, as they are desirous of closing their Concerns as soon as possible, must request (as a particular Favour) those whose Accompts have been long standing, to call and settle the same by the first Day of MAY next, at fartheſt.

N. B. Their Stock of GOODS on Hand (which are mostly fresh) in Town and Country, is now retailing at Eight for One CASH.

Mr. FOURNIER,

MINIATURE PAINTER, &c.

Is removed to Mr. *Andrew Broughton's*, in *Tradd-street*, AND having now, in a great Measure, recovered his Health, is ready to wait upon any GENTLEMEN or LADIES who may be pleased to favour him with their Commands.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Intending to decline the PLANTING BUSINESS, *in a great Measure, on Account of his bad State of Health;*

Will SELL, by private Contract,

A Valuable PLANTATION, on the West Side of *Saltcatcher* River, containing 1000 Acres, near one half of which is extraordinary good Swamp, timbered with Cypress, Tupelo, Maple, &c. upwards of 100 Acres of the said Swamp, is already cleared, and may with a very little Labour, have Water let on and off occasionally in the driest Seasons, and at the same Time, be secure from the highest Inundations.

ALSO,

A TRACT of LAND on *Combahee* River, containing about 200 Acres, most commodiously situated, being Bluff on the said River, which is Fresh-Water, and within Sight of the River commonly called BULLS, which is salt, and abounds with Fish and excellent Oysters, that are easily come at by Means of a short Canal, cut through the Marsh from *River to River*:—This Plantation is exceedingly well-adapted to the Culture of *Indico*, which has for several Years been very successfully manufactured there.

A Tract of LAND also on *Black* Creek, a Branch of the *Saltcatcher*, containing 300 Acres.——Any Person inclined to treat for the above Lands, may apply opposite to Mr. THOMAS LEGARE, jun. in *King-Street*, to

[c.t.f.] JOHN HUNT.

For SALE, *by private Contract,*

ON REASONABLE TERMS,

SEVERAL valuable LOTS of LAND, in ANSONBOROUGH, fronting on the Broad-Road, St. Philip's, George, and Benefit-Streets. Any Person inclinable to purchase either of the Lots, may see a Plan of them, by applying to PETER STEVENSON.

THOMAS YOU,

WORKING SILVERSMITH,

AT THE SIGN OF THE

GOLDEN CUP

IN QUEEN-STREET,

Begs Leave to inform the PUBLIC,

THAT he carries on the GOLD and SILVER-SMITH's Business in their different Branches:——And, as his Dependance is entirely in the *working Part*, hopes he may meet with Encouragement from those who are *Well-wishers* to the MANUFACTURES of THIS Province.

For SALE by private Contract,

THE PLANTATION at STONO, called WINNERS's, containing eight Hundred and Eighty-five Acres; Half of which is Rice Land, the other Half fine Corn and Indico Land; only Twenty Miles from Charles-Town, and joining the public landing Place. Any Person inclinable to purchase the above Plantation, may apply to me, at Beaufort, Port-Royal; to JAMES PARSONS, or THOMAS SAVAGE, Esqrs. in Charles-Town.

WILLIAM ELLIOTT.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

At the House possessed by Mr. DEBRAHM, *in* Johnston Street, Charles-Town, *where* WILLIAM CATTELL, *Esq; lately lived, on* TUESDAY *the* 30*th Day of* April, 1771, *at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon,*

ELEVEN valuable NEGROES, among which are, Cooks and Washer-Women, also, five Boat Negroes, Houshold-Furniture, new and Fashionable Plate, a Scooner as she lies on the Wappoo Marshes, and a Sloop with all the Appurtenances mentioned in the Inventory: Also, an elegant new House, built of Stone, in *St. Augustine*; a Tract of 1000 Acres, 25 Miles from said Town; and another of 150 Acres, 5 Miles from said Town, both convenient for Water and Land Carriage. All the Premises lately the Property of WILLIAM DEBRAHM, Esq; by

ANDREW HIBBEN.

N. B. For the House, Land, Vessels, and Boat Negroes, Twelve Months Credit will be given if required, upon approved personal Security, and paying Interest from the Day of Sale.

WE desire all Persons to whom we are indebted, either jointly or severally, to call for Payment; and request of those who owe us Money, to discharge their Debts in such Time, as may enable us to settle our Affairs immediately. Bonds, Notes, and Accompts, that remain unpaid the last of *March*, will be put into the Hands of an Attorney, without further Notice, from

HEAD & GIBALL.

Who have a few Hogsheads of old JAMAICA RUM to sell.

RUN AWAY the 12th of *March*, Instant, my NEGRO MAN, GEORGE.——FIVE POUNDS Reward will be given, to whoever will deliver him to me, or the Warden of the Work-House: He had on when he went away, a Check Shirt, green Broad-Cloth Coat, and blue Negro Cloth Waistcoat and Breeches; one of his great Toes is remarkably big, and turns in towards the small one. All Masters of Vessels are forbid carrying him off, as they would avoid being prosecuted with the utmost Rigour of the Law.—FIFTY POUNDS will be given, as a Reward to any Person, giving Information of his being harboured, or carried off by a white Person; and TEN POUNDS if by a Negro, to be paid on Conviction.

SAMPSON NEYLE.

To be SOLD by public Outcry,

On THURSDAY *the* 2*d Day of* May *next, at the Plantation lately belonging to* DRURY DUNN, *deceased, near* Savannah *River, in* St. Peter's *Parish*;

ABOUT 500 Bushels of CORN, some PEASE, HOUSHOLD-FURNITURE, PLANTATION TOOLS, &c. and one or two infirm NEGROES.—— The Conditions of the Sale will be Cash.

By Order of the Administrator,

WILLIAM DUNN.

Charles-Town, March 30th, 1771.

THE Subscribers think it necessary to advertise, for the LAST TIME, that there are sundry Debts due to the Estate of the late Mr. THOMAS GADSDEN, deceased, which have been repeatedly demanded, but without any Effect: This is therefore to give Notice to every one concerned, That the Debts which are not settled to the Satisfaction of the Subscribers, on or before the *Fifteenth Day* of *May* next, will, without further Notice or Distinction, be put into the Hands of Mr. *John Rutledge*, to be recovered by Law; therefore, every one concerned are desired to take Notice, to prevent the disagreeable Consequences that must arise from a non-Compliance.

ANDREW RUTLEDGE.
ANDREW LORD.

ALEXANDER ROSE,

INTENDING to leave the Province, early in the Summer, desires all Persons indebted to him, to pay him immediately, to enable him to discharge what he owes; and all Persons to whom he is indebted, to bring in their Accompts.

He gives this public Notice also, that he is in the mean Time, ready to answer, or give Bail, to any Suit, Summons, or Complaint, that may be issued or brought against him, agreeable to the Attachment-Act.

HE WILL DISPOSE OF,
BY PUBLIC SALE,
at the VENDUE-HOUSE *in* CHARLES-TOWN, *on* THURSDAY *the 25th Day of* APRIL, *Instant,*

FIFTEEN NEGROES, *viz.*

SEVEN Men, three Women, and five Children; one of the Men is a good Cooper, Ploughman, Driver, and Butcher; two of them have served about 4 Years each, to a Carpenter; three of them are not surpassed as Field Slaves, and Sawyers; the last also, a tolerable Hand:—The Women and Children, likely healthy valuable Slaves.

The Conditions will be made known at the Sale.

To be SOLD, by public Outcry,
at the VENDUE-HOUSE *in* Charles-Town, *on* THURSDAY *the 28th Day of* April, *Instant, at* 12 *o'Clock at Noon*;

THE LOT, HOUSE and STORES on the Bay, now in the Occupation of PETER LEGER, & Company, the Conveniences and Situation whereof are sufficiently known.

The Lot contains Twenty-eight Feet four Inches Front on the Bay, and is in Depth One Hundred and Fifty-nine Feet six Inches.

LIKEWISE,

The WHARF fronting the said House, containing in Front One Hundred and two Feet, and in Length from the Curtain-Line to the Head of the Wharf Four Hundred Feet, lately completed; whereon are sundry well-built Stores.—The Grant extends One Hundred Feet farther than the Head of the Wharf. ALSO,

A LOT, containing Twenty six Feet six Inches in Front on Bedon's-Alley, and One Hundred and Fifty-eight Feet six Inches in Depth, with the Benefit of a Passage from the Bay, and also subject to a Continuation of the said Passage to Bedon's-Alley aforesaid.

One or two Years Credit will be given, on approved Security, and the Interest being paid annually.

Farther Particulars may be known, and a Plan of the several Premises seen, by applying to

ROBERT WELLS.

To be SOLD
(For a FAULT)

A YOUNG NEGRO MAN SERVANT, who from a Boy, has been brought up in a House, in which Capacity he can do his Work as completely as any Servant whatever. He has been used also to tend a Pair of Horses, and can keep a Chair and the Harness in good Order. His Fault is, too frequently getting to the Dram-Shops (*these too numerous Pests! that are a Scandal to this Town, and bid fair to ruin every Black Servant in it*) and this the only Reason I offer him to Sale, for I cannot charge him with ever stealing the least Trifle from me.—He will suit any Gentleman residing in the Country. Apply to SAMPSON NEYLE.

TAKEN UP,

Two Months ago, by the SUBSCRIBER, *the following three* CANOWS, *viz.*

ONE, Twenty Feet in Length, and four Feet and an Half wide; she has been lately repaired, and branded with a small o, and pretty large R.——One old Canow, about Twenty-three Feet in Length, and three Feet and an Half wide, and is very much out of Repair.——One Ditto, about Sixteen Feet in Length, and two Feet, 8 Inches wide, and is also much out of Repair. The Owners of the above Canows, may have them again, by paying Charges, and applying to

April 8, 1771. DANIEL STARNES.

A Fortnight ago absconded from the Subscriber, a NEGRO FELLOW SLAVE, named KING, lately bought of Mr. JOSEPH LEVY, and from his Intimacy in this Town, supposed to be harboured in it. He is near five Feet seven Inches in Stature, of a yellowish Complexion; his right Eye much smaller than the other from a Decay; well made, and, being born and bred on the Borders of Virginia, hath in his Speech the Accent peculiar to the lower Sort of those People. Whoever will apprehend and deliver the said Fellow to the Warden of the Work-House, shall receive TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS Reward, from STEPHEN DRAYTON.

RUN-AWAY from the Subscriber, a NEGRO MAN, named HECTOR, this Country born, a likely well-made Fellow, very black Complexion, about 25 Years old, late the Property of Mr. SIMS WHITE; supposed to be harboured at Mr. BOONE's Plantation, in *Christ Church* Parish, where his Father and Mother reside:——Also a Negro Man, named MAIDSTONE, about 45 Years old, lately purchased at the Sale of Mr. JAMES LE BAS's Estate, at *Monck's-Corner*. Whoever apprehends the said Negroes, and delivers them to the Warden of the Work-House in *Charles-Town*, shall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS Currency for each, and all reasonable Charges paid, and the like Reward, upon Proof given of their being harboured, if by a Negro, and FIFTEEN POUNDS, if by a white Person.

April 9, 1771. JAMES SINKLER.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP
OF
Mansell, Cozbett, & Roberts,
BEING EXPIRED,
They will SELL
THEIR REMAINING
STOCK of GOODS,
(ON HAND)
At EIGHT *and an* HALF *for* ONE, *CASH:*

A Silver-hilted SWORD,

DELIVERED to Captain *John Capithorn*, to be mended in England (in Lieu of which he left his own) is returned in the *Russia Merchant*, Captain *Clarkson*. The Gentleman who owns it, may be informed where to apply for it, by enquiring of the Printer of this Paper.

Charles-Town, March 25th, 1771.

THE STOCK of GOODS lately belonging to WILSON, CORAM, WAYNE, & Co. being assigned to me, in Trust for their Creditors in *England*, the same are now disposing of, at a low Advance for *Cash* or *Produce*: Amongst a great Variety of Articles, there are a few Boxes of best LONDON CROWN GLASS, with a general Assortment of SHIP CHANDLERY, all which still lie at the old Store on the *Bay*. GEORGE DICKINSON.

WANTED on HIRE for SIX MONTHS,
Twenty able NEGRO MEN,
And a proper OVERSEER.
Provisions and Tools will be found them. Apply to
WILLIAM GIBBES,
Who wants to purchase, a Parcel of LIGHTWOOD POSTS.

To be LETT,

THE HOUSE in Elliott-Street, and Store at the Corner of Bedon's-Alley, with the Shop completely fitted with Shelves, Glass Cases, and Counters, &c. at present in Possession of Mr. JOHN BOOTH, Merchant. Inquire of JOHN McCALL.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Persons having any Demands against the Estate of BARTHOLOMEW AUSTIN, deceased, that they must bring in their Accompts, properly attested, by the 25th of JULY next, to either of the Subscribers, on Little-River.

DRURY AUSTIN,
March 27, 1771. JOHN AUSTIN, } *Executors.*
ELIZABETH AUSTIN,

To be SOLD, by private Sale.

A PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, on the East Branch of Saltcatcher River, in St. Bartholomew's Parish, containing ONE THOUSAND ACRES; butting and bounding on Lands of Thomas Ferguson, Esq; and about a Mile from two very large Rice Plantations, owned by Mr. Inglis, of Charles-Town, and William Roper, Esq; and not exceeding four Miles from James Donnom, Esqr's.

It appears by a Survey lately made, that there is about 600 Acres of the 1000, prime Rice Land; and the most Part of the Remainder good Provision Land. There is 70 Acres of the Swamp Land cleared, also 40 Acres of the Provision Land, and under good Fence.

The most Part of the Swamp Land that is cut down, has been planted for some few Years past, and it is thought to be not more that 13 Miles from this Plantation to the Landing that is now made Use of, and a very clear Probability of the Landing being four or five Miles nearer, as the Tide flows about this Distance farther up the River than where the Landing is at present.

There is Five or Six Hundred Bushels of PROVISION at the above Plantation, which will be disposed of to the Purchaser, if agreeable.——On said Plantation is a very good Barn on Cills, 40 by 20 Feet; a very good Overseer's House, Negro Houses, &c. For further Particulars, apply at the Horse-Shoe, to THOMAS JONES, Senior.

STRAYED from CHARLES-TOWN GREEN, on *Friday* the 19th of *March*, 1771, A light coloured bay HORSE (almost a sorrel): He has a bald Face, and a white Saddle Mark, his Hair lately trimmed off his fore and hind Feet, almost six Years old; his Mane half trimmed, with the other Part hanging down, which is a Kind of a chesnut Colour, and has a Switch Tail. FIVE POUNDS will be paid, and all reasonable Charges, on Delivery of the said Horse, by

JACOB FINK, near the Brew-House.

RUN AWAY from the Subscriber, in Charles-Town, two NEGRO MEN, named BEOY and JUPITER; Beoy, is about five Feet and an Half high, well made; Jupiter, is a short, old-looking Fellow. Whoever delivers either or both of them, to me in King-street, Charles-Town, or at my Plantation, in St. Stephen's Parish, shall receive Five Pounds Reward for each, and all reasonable Charges. BLAKE LEAY WHITE.

THE STORE on the BAY, at present occupied by Mr. LARGFORD, with or without a Cellar and back Store, to be LETT, by

MARY COOPER.

RAN AWAY the 1st of December last, (and may be harboured at Mr. William Wilkins's at Indian-Land, or on James-Island) a negro man named CATO, about 28 years of age, and 5 feet 7 inches, shews his teeth much, and is well acquainted in most parts of the province; had on when he went away, a blue fearnought jacket, striped flannel robbin, and white negro cloth trowsers. Whoever takes up and delivers him to the warden of the work-house in Charles-Town, shall, besides being allowed reasonable charges, have a reward of ten pounds, from JAMES RIVERS.

WILLIAM PROCTOR, *Taylor,*

INFORMS the Public in general, and his Customers in particular, That he has moved from *Bedon's-Alley* to Mr. DARBY PENDERGRASS's upon the *Bay*, next Door to Capt. JAMES REID, and hopes for a Continuance of his Customers Favours, as they may depend on having their Work done in the neatest and best Manner.

SALES by the Provost-Marshal.

On TUESDAY *the 23d Day of* APRIL, 1771, *will be sold at public Vendue, at the usual Place in* CHARLES-TOWN,

A PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, containing One Hundred and Fifty Acres, situate, lying and being in Craven-County; bounding South-East on Lands of Joshua Cherry; all other Sides on vacant Land: Late the Property of MATTHEW GIBBS, and sold under Execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

On WEDNESDAY *the 24th of* APRIL, 1771, *will be sold, at public Vendue, at the House of* GEORGE GALPHIN, *Esq; near* AUGUSTA, *the following* PLANTATIONS, *or* TRACTS *of* LAND, *viz.*

TWO Hundred and Fifty Acres upon Beach-Island, New-Windsor.—Two Hundred and Fifty Acres at New-Windsor, near the above.—Four Hundred Acres at the Ridge, on the Road to Long-Canes, occupied by *Benjamin Tutt*.

At the same Time and Place, will be sold,

EIGHT valuable NEGROES—about Twenty Head of CATTLE—Fifteen HORSES—One Hundred and Forty HOGS—Thirteen SHEEP—Three TRADING-BOATS—Five Hundred and Ninety-two Pounds Weight of HEMP, with a Crop of Corn, Plantation-Tools, Houshold Furniture, &c. Late the Property of DAVID ZUBLY, and sold under Execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

On THURSDAY *the 1st Day of* MAY *next, will be sold at public Vendue, at the usual Place in* CHARLES-TOWN,

FIVE Years yet to come and unexpired, of a Lease of Land, with the Buildings thereon, situate, lying and being on *Charles-Town Neck*, butting and bounding to the North and South on Lands of Patrick Hinds, to the West on the Parsonage or Glebe Lands of *St. Philip's* Parish, and to the East, on the Broad Road leading from Charles-Town aforesaid; which Buildings are to be the sole Property of the Purchaser, and to be removed by him, from the Premises, at the Expiration of the said Lease, which will be on the Twentieth Day of *May*, 1777, and be subject to the Rent of Forty Pounds per Annum, to be paid Quarterly, during the Remainder of the said Term, to the Executors of James Lingard, deceased: Late the Property of JOHN DONALDSON, and sold under Execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, *Pro. Mar.*

STRAYED or STOLEN, a sorrel MARE, having a flaxen Mane and Tail, a bright Star in her Forehead, branded on her mounting Shoulder H, with a Diamond between; a natural Trotter; is about 15 Hands high.——Whoever delivers her to me in King-street, Charles-Town, or at my Plantation, in St. Stephen's Parish, shall receive TWENTY POUNDS Reward, from BLAKE-LEAY WHITE.

For *PHILADELPHIA,*
THE BRIGANTINE
CHARLES-TOWN PACKET,
SAMUEL WRIGHT, Master;
(*Will sail in Eight or Ten Days*)

HAS excellent Accommodations for Passengers, and great Part of her Cargo ready to go on Board.—For Freight or Passage, apply to said Master on Board, at *Elliott's* Wharf, or JOHN JAMES.

N. B. LEWIS's superfine FLOUR, in Barrels and Half Barrels—WOOLMAN and POSEY's best DOUBLE BEER—HOPKINS's best MILK and WATER BREAD—SHIP BREAD—Kegs of FLOUR—best Salt-petred HAMS, Kegs of STARCH—Loaf SUGAR, Kegs of GINGER—Boxes of hard SOAP—CYDER in Barrels and Half Barrels—BAR IRON, &c. TO BE SOLD, by *JOHN JAMES*, at his Store on ELLIOTT's Wharf.

SELLING OFF,
At PRIME COST.

THE Subscriber wanting to decline Business altogether, will sell his WELL-ASSORTED STOCK OF GOODS, to any Person taking the Whole, and giving Security, at *seven* for *one*, with *nine Months* Credit, without Interest, and the Payments will be made easy.

Otherwise, to any Person taking ONE THOUSAND POUNDS Worth, at *Eight* for *One*, with *six Months* Credit.

FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, at *Eight* for *One*, with *three Months* Credit.

TWO HUNDRED and FIFTY POUNDS, at *Eight* and *Half* for *One*, with *three Months* Credit.

All Sums under, at *Eight* and *Half* for *One*, CASH.

(6 w.) ISAAC MOTTE.

CULCHETH GIBBES,

HAS removed into one of Mr. William Bampfield's Tenements in St. Michael's-Alley, one Door from Mr. John Gordon;—and has to dispose of cheap, for Cash or short Credit, RUM of all Sorts—Madera, Mountain, Vidonia, Claret, and Red Port WINES—BRANDY—and LONDON PORTER in Barrels—VINEGAR, *&c. &c.*

N. B. He will be glad to accommodate a few GENTLEMEN with BOARD and LODGING, it being a very airy House.

Ashepoo, April 9, 1771.

WHEREAS a Number of coasting SCOONERS are employed in Ashepoo-River, not provided with white Patroons as the Law directs, in Consequence whereof all the Plantations upon that River are frequently plundered and robbed, to the great Damage and Loss of the Proprietors: This is therefore to give public Notice, that I am determined to prosecute all and every Owner or Owners of such coasting Scooners or other Craft, as shall (after Twenty Days from this Date) resort to the said River, and have no white Person on board. WILLIAM PINCKNEY.

DAVID GILLESPIE

Informs his Friends and the Public,

THAT he has opened a SCHOOL, in a large convenient Room at Mrs. KNOX's, in BEDON's-ALLEY; where the English, Latin, and Greek Languages; vulgar and decimal Arithmetic, and Writing, will be taught with all possible Attention and Expedition.—He hopes his Assiduity and Fidelity in his Business, will recommend him to public Encouragement.

N. B. He has good Accommodations for young Gentlemen to Board and Lodge, at his House on the Bay, where an Evening School is kept.

CHARLES-TOWN, APRIL 11.

Subſtance of the public Advices from LONDON, *exclusive of what are contained in the firſt Page of this Paper, received by Capt.* Bailey.

JANUARY 14th.

DIED His Grace John Ruſſel, Duke of Bedford; who ſigned the Ratification of the Treaty of Verſailles on the 10th of Feb. 1763, and exchanged the Ratifications the 10th of March following.—22d. The Parliament met. The ſame Day, ſeveral Promotions in the Law Department, &c. took place. Same Day Lord Rochford, by Letter, acquainted the Lord-Mayor of the Accommodation between Great Britain and Spain.—23d. Orders were ſent to all the different Ports to call in the Preſs-Warrants; the Bounties to Seamen were diſcontinued; and Premiums for Inſurance on Ships and Merchandize, fell 4 per Cent.—25th. The Motion for vacating Mr. Wedderburn's Seat in the Houſe of Commons, upon his Promotion, was received with a Groan; and Tueſday the 5th of February, was fixed upon to take into Conſideration the Spaniſh Declaration, &c.—26th. The Parliament of Ireland was prorogued to the 26th of February; then to ſit for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs.—Feb. 2d. No certain Accounts had been received in London, of the People of this Province having, on the 13th of December laſt, agreed to import generally, except Teas, and ſuch other Articles whereon Duties are, or may be laid, for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in America.—The French King continued quarrelling with his Parliament, which it was thought he would diſſolve.—Some Demands were ſaid to have been made by his Pruſſian Majeſty, which did by no Means pleaſe the Britiſh Court.—The Genoeſe were at high Words among themſelves, on Account of the Ceſſion of Corſica to France, and a Failure in Payment of Subſidies; and a Treaty was ſaid to be in great Forwardneſs, between the Republic and the King of Sardinia.—Little is ſaid of the Ruſſians and Turks; the Rage of War ſeems to have abated on both Sides, and be giving Way to Negotiations of Peace.—But at Vienna there had been a great military Promotion.

MINISTERIAL PROMOTIONS *from the 19th of* December *laſt, to the 1ſt of* February *following.*

Dec. 19. *Earl of Sandwich*, one of His Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State; in the Room of Lord Weymouth, who had reſigned.

Dec. 22. Right Hon. *Frederic Thynne*, Poſtmaſter General (with Lord Le Deſpencer) in the Room of Lord Sandwich.

Jan. 12. *Earl of Sandwich*, a third Time appointed *Firſt* Lord of the Admiralty (in the Room of Sir *Edward Hawke*, reſigned) and continues Secretary of State.

Jan. 22. *Earl of Suffolk* and Berkſhire, Lord Privy Seal, in the Room of Lord Halifax.

Earl of Halifax, Secretary of State, in the Room of Lord Sandwich.

Right Hon. *Henry Bathurſt*, created Lord Apſley, and appointed Lord Chancellor of Great-Britain.

William De Grey, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas, in the Room of Lord Chief Juſtice *John Eardly Wilmot*, who retires upon a Penſion of 2000l. per Annum.

Serjeant *Nares*, a Puiſne Judge, in the Room of Lord Chancellor Bathurſt.

Serjeant *Leigh*, King's Serjeant, in the Room of Mr. Nares.

Edward Thurloe, Eſq; Attorney-General, in the Room of Mr. De Grey.

Alexander Wedderburn, Eſq; (the Patriot!) Solicitor-General, in the Room of Mr. Thurloe, and Cofferer to her Majeſty, with 600l. per Annum, Salary.

Jan. 25. *Lord Grantham*, Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Court of Spain.

Jan. 26. Hon. *Auguſtus John Harvey*, a Lord of the Admiralty, in the Room of Sir Francis Holbourne.

Sir *Francis Holbourne*, Maſter of Greenwich Hoſpital.

Thomas Whately, Eſq; a Lord of Trade and Plantations, in the Room of William Northey, Eſq; deceaſed.

Laſt Sunday put in here, leaky, and in Want of Proviſions, a French Sloop, of and for Cape-François, from Campeachy, called Le Parfait, Gaſton Le Foix, Maſter.

Laſt Monday Mr. John Torrans, of this Town, Merchant, returned from Surenheim.

The ſame Day began the Court of General Seſſions, &c. and it is thought will finiſh their Buſineſs this Day.

Laſt Tueſday Mr. Iſaac Chandler, M. D. was married to Miſs Sally White.

Yeſterday Thomas-Loughton Smith, Eſq; was elected a Member of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of this Province, for the Pariſh of St. Michael, in the Room of Benjamin Dart, Eſq; lately appointed Joint-Public Treaſurer.

This Day Major Pierce Butler, and Captain Prenderleith, of the Army, and a Number of other Paſſengers, embarked for Philadelphia, in the Brigantine Charles-Town Packet, Captain Wright.

Mr. Robert Hawie, is appointed Inſpector of Flour, for this Port.

*** PRICE of RICE 42ſ6 to 45ſ. per Hundred Weight.—Quantity exported from 1ſt of November laſt, 80,150 Tierces. In each of the Years 1768, 1769 and 1770, there were no leſs than 92,000 Tierces ſhipped in the ſame Time.

*** *Remaining* ADVERTISEMENTS, *&c. will be inſerted in a* SUPPLEMENT.

☞ The Sale of Mr. *DeBrahm's* Eſtate, advertiſed in this Paper, to be on *Monday* the 15th of *April*, Inſtant, is POSTPONED to *Wedneſday* the 1ſt of *May* next.

ANDREW HIBBEN.

††† *Good Bills upon* London, *at Par, will be taken in Payment.*

Timothy's Paxine Liſt.

April	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	*From*
12th.	Ship Charming Sally, George Fortune,	Cowes
13th.	Brigt. Barclay, Zachariah Mill,	Briſtol
	Brigt. Bolton, John Harr,	Barbados
14th.	Scooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
	Sloop Le Parfait, Gaſton Le Foix,	Campeachy
15th.	Brigt. King George, John Finglaſs,	Surenheim
17th.	Sloop Recovery, James Edgecumbe,	New-Providence
18th.	Scooner Savannah Packet, James Turner,	Georgia
April	Sailed,	*For*
12th.	Scooner Polly, George Sinkins,	Georgia
13th.	Scooner Wiſmenog, Thomas Dalling,	Antigua
	Sloop Henry, John Todd,	Barbados
14th.	Brigt. Prince of Wales, William Moore,	Philadelphia
	Ship Daniel, Robert Bryſon,	Orkneys
	Brigantine Belvidera, Lawrence Farrell,	Cowes
	Scooner Sally, Stephen Parkinſon,	Jamaica
	Sloop Sally, Purnell Johnſon,	Jamaica
16th.	Snow Carolina Packet, Jeremiah Dickinſon,	Oporto
18th.	Brigt. Charles-Town Packet, Sam. Wright,	Philadelphia

Remain windbound or cleared,

Brigt. Endeavour, George Clelland,	For London
Brigt. Lucre, Sinclair Seymour,	Surenheim
Scooner Two Williams, Richard Baker,	St. Kitts

May ſail between this and our next.

Ship Betſey & Sally, Francis Stanfell,	Goſport
Ship Marlborough, George Preſwick,	London
Ship Speedwell, George Hardwick,	Cowes
Ship Father's Deſire, Iſaac Moorſon,	Cowes
Brigt. Rebecca, Owen Shourt,	New-York
Brigt. Atalanta, Frederick De Witt,	Curaſol
Brigt. Smyth, Elijah Steel,	Lisbon
Brigt. Harriott, James Mahony,	Jamaica
Scooner Diſpatch, Benjamin Minors,	Providence
Scooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
Sloop Paragon, Mark Clark,	Providence
Sloop Ottley, William Higgs,	Antigua

Entered out, beſides the above.

Snow Eſther, Robert Dann,	For Senegambia
Brigt. Barcley, Zacharial Mill,	Milford
Brigt. Bolton, John Harr,	Philadelphia
Sloop Sally, Peter Schermerhorn,	New-York
Sloop Two Brothers, Benjamin Pitt,	Jamaica

Other Veſſels in Port.

His Majeſty's Ship Carysfort, Capt. William Hay, Jamaica
His Maj. Ship Guadaloup, Hon. Capt. Cornwallis, Jamaica
His Maj. Sloop Martin, Capt. Tho. Heyward, Cape-Fear
His Majeſty's Sloop Boneta, Capt. James Wallace,
Brigt. Diligence (Packet) *Capt. Arthur Clark, Jamaica*
Ship Admiral Spry, Peter Hill,
Snow Two Brothers, James Nankivell,
Brigt. Mary & Elizabeth, Thomas Eldred,
Brigt. Friendſhip, John Wooſter,
Sloop Kingſton, David Tines, Jamaica
Sloop Peggy, James Mitchell,
Sloop Charles-Town, Stephen Seymour,
Sloop Balmer, Adam Wilſon,

Arrivals from this Port.

Ship Minerva, Robert Alexander,	*At London*
Ship Union, Anthony Hooper,	*Cowes*
Ship Carolina, Miles Lowley,	*London*
Ship Union, William Coombes,	*London*
Ship Heart-of-Oak, Henry Gunn,	*London*
Sloop Induſtry, John Petty,	*New-Providence*

New Advertiſements.

THE STOCK OF GOODS,

LATELY BELONGING TO

WILSON, CORAM, & WAYNE;

Will be publicly SOLD to the beſt Bidder,

On WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY, *and* SATURDAY *next, the 17th, 19th, and 20th Inſtant, at the* OLD STORE, *adjoining to Mr.* BURN'S *on the* BAY,

Amongſt which are the following, *viz.*

A Complete Aſſortment of SHIP CHANDLERY, including Guns, Anchors, Grapnels, Cordage, Sheathing Nails, Spikes, Brimſtone, &c. Carpenters Tools, Locks, Hinges, and other Ironmongery; a few Boxes of Window Glaſs, (the only Parcel in the Province) blue and green Negro Cloth, ſtriped Linen Checks, long Ells, printed Linens, Platilloes, Silks, Perſians, Lawns, Gauzes, Laces, Ribbons, with many other Haberdaſhery and Millinary Articles.

N. B. The firſt Day's Sale will commence preciſely at Ten o'Clock in the Morning, with the fine Goods and Ladies Wares; the ſecond Day, at the ſame Hour, with the Haberdaſhery; the laſt with the heavier Articles.—Good Bills of Exchange on London, at the uſual Sight, will be taken in Payment, for all Sums above *Fifty Pounds* Sterling.

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

On WEDNESDAY *the 8th Day of* MAY, *at the* EXCHANGE, *in* SAVANNAH,

THE HOUSE wherein the Subſcribers now dwell, ſituated upon a Lot and a Half, near the BAY, conſiſting of five good Rooms (beſides Garrets) four of which have Fire-places, a double Balcony in Front, and back Piazza, with good dry Cellars, and all neceſſary and convenient Out-Houſes; the Whole built of the very beſt Materials, within four Years paſt.

A L S O,

One Thouſand Acres of LAND, upon the River *Alatamaha*: One Tract containing 500 Acres; one other Tract of 500 Acres, adjoining each other; both Tracts granted to Robert Miller, in 1763, eſteemed well-calculated to make two good Plantations.

Eight Hundred Acres of LAND, on *Savannah* River, 12 Miles from *Auguſta*, a great Part Swamp, with 70 Acres cleared and planted, and under good Fence, with a Dwelling-Houſe, &c. thereon, now rented at 30l. Sterling, per Annum.

A FARM LOT of 50 Acres, within two Miles of *Savannah*, 15 Acres of which is cleared, very conveniently ſituated for a Gardener, or Brick-Yard.

And on the following Day, will be expoſed to SALE at Vendue, on the Wharf of the Subſcribers,

All their remaining STOCK of DRY GOODS, conſiſting of a Variety of Articles uſually imported.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the LANDS, HOUSE, or DRY GOODS, at private SALE, may treat with

ALEXANDER INGLIS,
NATHANIEL HALL.

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN, *on* THURSDAY *the 9th Day of* MAY *next, at 12 o'Clock (if not diſpoſed of in the mean Time)*

THE Subſcriber's HOUSE on the *Bay*, the Corner of *Tradd-Street*, lately tenanted by Mr. WILLIAM GRAVES. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe at private Sale, before the above-mentioned Day, may treat with Meſſrs. PETER BACOT, or THOMAS JONES, in *Charles-Town*, or in *Chriſt-Church* Pariſh, with

SUSANNAH DURANT.

THE SUBSCRIBER, at the Plantation lately in the Poſſeſſion of George Saxby, Eſq; about four Miles and an Half up the Path, pleaſantly ſituated on Aſhley-River, purpoſes to entertain Ladies and Gentlemen with COFFEE, TEA, &c. and makes no Doubt of giving general Satisfaction to thoſe who may oblige her with their Company.

April 15, 1771. MARTHA WALLIS.

LINEN DRAPERY.

Conſiſting of an ASSORTMENT of ALL the following Articles, *viz.*

THREE-FOURTH, 7-8th, and 8-8th IRISH LINENS, from 10*d.* to 4*s.* per Yard courſe and fine Sheetings; long Lawns; 7-8th, 8-8th, and 6-4th clear Lawns; flowered Lawns; 7-8th and 8-8th Cambricks; plain, ſtriped and checked Muſlins; clouting and napkining Diapers and Damaſks; tabling Ditto, in Cloths, and Pieces of all Widths; compleat Table-Sets Ditto; Tea Napkins; Garlix; Dowlas; brown Hollands; brown and bleached Osnabrugs; with moſt other LINEN ARTICLES, bought on the very beſt Terms, and will be ſold very cheap, eſpecially by the Quantity, at our Store in Tradd-Street.

PHILIP HAWKINS, & Comp.

N. B. Alſo an Aſſortment of LONDON and EAST-COKER SAIL DUCK, and a few ANCHORS, at *£.* 12 10*ſ.* per Hundred Pounds Weight.

LOST,

A few Days ago, in CHARLES-TOWN,

A GOLD SEAL,

With a Coat-of-Arms engraved thereon.—Whoever has found it, and will deliver it to the Subſcribers, ſhall receive *Five Pounds* Reward.

MANSELL, CORBETT, & ROBERTS.

SAVANNAH, MARCH 18th, 1771.

THE Co-partnerſhip of the Subſcribers being expired ſince OCTOBER laſt, and very little Notice paid to their former Advertiſements, they once more requeſt of all Perſons indebted to them, by Speciality or otherwiſe, to diſcharge their reſpective Debts without Loſs of Time.

As the Diſſolution of their Partnerſhip will put it out of their Power to grant ſuch Indulgence as they have been accuſtomed to allow, they therefore hope their Friends will pay due Attention to this laſt Notice. INGLIS & HALL.

Good Merchantable PRODUCE will be taken in Payment.

JUST IMPORTED in the Brigt. Charle-Town Packet, Samuel Wright, *Maſter, from* PHILADELPHIA,

SUPERFINE FLOUR in Barrels; beſt Salt-petred HAMS: To be SOLD, by

WILLIAM HULME, *near the Exchange.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of GENERAL SESSIONS of the Peace, Oyer, and Terminer, Aſſize and General Goal Delivery, begun and holden at *Charles-Town*, on MONDAY the 15th Day of APRIL, Inſtant,

BEHJAMIN COACHMAN,	ALEXANDER RIGG,
HUGH THOMSON,	ANDREW GRIER,
RICHARD GUERARD,	ARCHIBALD STANYARNE,
EDWARD DEMPSEY,	GEORGE THREADCRAFT,

being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as PETIT-JURORS, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance.——THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, that they will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS, Proclamation-Money each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient Excuſes, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, on or before the Monday immediately preceeding the ſecond Tueſday in MAY next.

JAMES JOHNSTON, *C. C. & P.*

Crown-Office, April 15th, 1771.

To be SOLD,

On Tueſday *the 14th of* May *next, at the Houſe of* NICHOLAS PARKINSON, *at* Strawberry *Ferry*,

ALL the Eſtate and Effects of JOHN HENTIE, Eſq; deceaſed; conſiſting of his APPAREL, SURVEYOR's IMPLEMENTS, a NEGRO MAN, HORSE, SADDLES, &c. &c.—The Conditions to be then declared.

N. B. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and thoſe to whom the Deceaſed was indebted, are deſired to bring in their Accompts, properly atteſted, to ELIAS BALL, junior, *Adminiſtrator.*

ALL Perſons having Demands on the Eſtate of ALEXANDER DAVIDSON, deceaſed, are deſired to make them known, properly atteſted, to the Subſcribers at the *Coffee-Houſe*, on the BAY of *Charles-Town*, at 9 o'Clock in the Forenoon, of MONDAY the 22d Inſtant, APRIL.

REBECCA DAVIDSON, *Adminiſtratrix.*
GEORGE-GABRIEL POWELL, *Adminiſtrator.*

To be SOLD,

A NEGRO WENCH named HAGAR, lately bought of *John Coachman*, as Executor of *William Coachman*, for a compleat Houſe-Wench, Seamſtreſs, Waſher Ironer, and Cook, but as ſhe cannot be kept from Liquor in Town, ſhe will beſt ſuit a Perſon living in the Country. Apply to JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

WHEREAS ſundry evil diſpoſed Perſons, have taken upon themſelves to report, That any Perſon or Perſons, Waggons, Chairs, or other Carriages, putting up at my Houſe, were liable to be ſeized for Rent.

This is therefore to inform the PUBLIC,

THAT ſuch Aſperſions are Falſe, and without Foundation, and that I am determined to keep the ſaid HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT, with good Stableage, in *Broad-Street*, at the Sign of the *Groom and Death of the Fox*, and hope to give general Satisfaction to all who may Favour me with their Cuſtom: And that Meſſrs. MARTIN CAMPBELL, & Co. Merchants in *Broad-Street*, will vouch for the Safety of every Man's Property, that may think proper to put up at the aforeſaid Houſe, as they are the Landlords, &c.

I am the Public's moſt humble Servant,
JAMES RIDDLE.

Wanted immediately,

A PERSON to mould and burn Fifty Thouſand BRICKS:—Such a one, bringing a proper Recommendation of his Sobriety and Diligence, will meet with good Encouragement. Apply at the Printing-Office in Broad-Street.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by P. TIMOTHY.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1851.] THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1771.

In the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, &c.
April 18*th*, 1771.

ORDERED,

THAT the PRESENTMENTS of the GRAND-JURY, be forthwith published in the several GAZETTES of this Province.

By the Court,
JAMES JOHNSTON, C. C. P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

The PRESENTMENTS, OF THE GRAND-JURORS

For the BODY of this Province.

At a Court of General Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize and General Goal Delivery, begun and holden at Charles-Town, *on* MONDAY *the* 15*th Day of* April, *One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy-one.*

I. BE present, as a Grievance, the present ruinous State of the Fortifications in general, and of Johnson's Fort in particular.

II. We present, as a Grievance, the general Neglect of the Officers of the Militia throughout the Province, for not mustering and training the different Companies, as often as the Laws require; and the Neglect of the Patrol Duty.

III. We present, as a great Grievance, the too great Number of Licences granted by the Charles-Town Magistrates, particularly to Persons who are otherwise well able to get their Living by a more commendable Occupation; and we recommend, that the Number of the Licences for Charles-Town may be greatly reduced.

IV. We present, as a Matter worthy the Notice of the Legislature, that the staple Commodities of the Province, are often brought to Market in a very careless Condition, particularly Rice, which is often sent very foul, and with much Chaff, which ought to be winnowed out; the doing of which can be of no Disadvantage to the Makers, but a Credit to the Article, and an Advantage in the Sale.

V. We present, as a Grievance, the Want of a Number of Sitting Justices of the Peace, to meet by Rotation weekly (in Charles-Town particularly) for the hearing and determining all such Grievances as may properly come before them.

VI. We present, as a Grievance, that a limited Time is not fixed to record Mortgages, Marriage-Settlements, and Bills of Sale; for many Persons have been defrauded of large Sums of Money, by several Deeds of that Nature being put upon Record six or seven Years after the Date thereof; so that unjust Preference has been given, and the Matter concealed for many Years, to the great Injury of Numbers, who were almost ruined by such Proceedings. We desire it may be recommended to the Legislature, that a Law be made, that if such Deeds are not entered upon Record, in three Months after the Date, they should be deemed insufficient.

VII. We present, upon the Information of Thomas Ferguson, Esq; John Mitchell, of Charles-Town, for unlawfully stopping the natural Course of the Waters leading into Penny's Creek, by a Bank or Dam; and thereby overflowing, hurting, spoiling, and making dangerous, and at some Times almost impassable, the public High Road leading from Will-Town to Beach-Hill, and the public Landing Road leading to said Creek, to the great Damage and common Nuisance of the Persons making Use of the said Roads.

VIII. We present, as a Grievance, the Narrowness of many Parts of the High Roads, throughout the Province in general, which renders it inconvenient to loaded Carriages; and particularly that Part of the Road leading to Ashley-Ferry from the Quarter-House, where it is impossible for two Carriages to pass at the same Time.

IX. We present, as a Grievance, the Want of a Law, obliging all Persons keeping public Ferries, to take out Licences, for Houses of Entertainment for all Travellers.

X. We present, as a Grievance, the Commissioners of the High Roads for St. Thomas & St. Dennis's Parish, for not keeping in Repair, that Part which leads from Guerin's Bridge to the High Road, near Major Stephen Miller's Plantation.

XI. We present Francis Smith, Edmund Bellinger, junior, and Samuel Waddingham, Commissioners of Combahee Causey, for Neglect of Duty, in not keeping the said Causey in proper Repair; the same having been for a considerable Time past, and being now, in such bad Condition, as to be inconvenient and dangerous to Travellers.

XII. We present, as a Grievance, the bad Condition in which Chullifinny, Ashepoo, Pocotaligo (near the Plantation of Doctor Skirving) Wallace's, and Rantowle's Causeys are, and for some Time past have been; and not knowing the Commissioners for these Causeys, recommend, that the Attorney-General be directed, to make proper Inquiry for the Names of the said Commissioners, and that they be prosecuted for Neglect of Duty: By Information of Michael Muckinfuss.

XIII. We present, as a very great Grievance, the general Neglect of the Commissioners of the High Roads, in not obliging many Persons (tho duly summoned) to work thereon, or pay Penalties for omitting to do so; hoping that the Law, if defective on this Head, will be amended and made effectual, by the Legislature.

XIV. We present John Shagnussey, as guilty of a Nuisance, in performing, by himself and his Associates, Legerdemain Tricks, thereby collecting a Number of idle, loose and disorderly Persons, to the Disturbance of the Peace.

XV. We present the Constables of Charles-Town, for making Proclamation by Beat of Drum, with Regard to run-away Negroes, and other Matters of private Concern, to the Disturbance of the Inhabitants, and the Danger of Persons passing through the Streets on Horseback or in Carriages.

XVI. We present, as a Grievance, that Negro Wenches, and other Slaves, are allowed to huckster and sell all Sorts of Dry Goods, Fruit and Victuals, about the Markets and Streets, which is often an Inducement to Theft, it being well known that they are ready to buy and receive such as are stolen.

VII. We present, as a Grievance, the Non-Attendance of Witnesses at the Courts of Sessions; by Means of which, Prisoners are confined much longer than otherwise they would be, by which they suffer. We therefore, to prevent the Evil as much as possible, would recommend, that an Allowance be provided and made, to those Witnesses who cannot afford to pay their Expences in coming to Town, from the distant Parts of the Country.

Lastly. We recommend that these our PRESENTMENTS, be published in the several Gazettes of this Province.

JOHN SAVAGE, *Foreman.* (L. S.)
JOHN MATHEWS, (L. S.)
JOHN ROSE, (L. S.)
RICHARD BERESFORD, (L. S.)
JAMES CARSAN, (L. S.)
JOHN EDWARDS, (L. S.)
ALEXADDER FRASER, (L. S.)
WILLIAM HINCKLEY, (L. S.)
WILLIAM LENNOX, (L. S.)
ROBERT MACKENZIE, (L. S.)
JOHN WRAGG, (L. S.)
JOHN SANDFORD DART, (L. S.)
JOHN PETER, (L. S.)
THOMAS RUTLEDGE, (L. S.)
WILLIAM SANDERS, (L. S.)
JOHN WARD. (L. S.)

New Advertisements.

ALL Persons that have any Demands against ANNE BODELL, deceased, are desired to bring them in attested; and those who are indebted to the said Deceased, are desired to make Payment, to

WILLIAM BANBURY, *Executor.*
April 11, 1771.

To be SOLD;

On TUESDAY *the* 30*th Day of* APRIL, *at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, if a fair Day, if not, on the first fair Day following, at the House kept by Mr.* CREIGHTON, *near* STONO *Bridge,*

FOUR NEGROES belonging to the Estate of ROBERT LADSON, one of them a very good Cook, another that understands something of the Cooper's Trade, a handy Waiting Boy, and a Girl that is fit to attend in a House. The Condition of the Sale is, one Half the Purchase Money to be paid down, for the Remainder Credit till the first Day of *January* 1772, paying Interest and giving Security. The Property not to be altered, till the Conditions are complied with.——For the last Time, all Persons who have any Demands against the Estate, are desired to bring them in, on or before the above Day. ABRAHAM LADSON,
on Ashley-River, acting Executor.

To be SOLD by public Outcry,

At the VENDUE-HOUSE *in* CHARLES-TOWN, *on* THURSDAY *the* 2*d Day of* MAY *next, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon,*

A LOT in CHARLES-TOWN aforesaid, containing Twenty-seven Feet eight Inches in Front, on *Queen-Street*, and one Hundred and Sixty-two Feet in Depth, from South to North, whereon are a good airy Dwelling-House of ten Rooms, with Fire-places to four of them, Kitchen, Wash-House, Store-House, Coach-House, &c. there is also room for a small Garden.—The Whole at present possessed by Mr. ANDREW REID. The Conditions of the Sale, one Years Credit, paying Interest, and giving approved Security.

If any Person chooses to purchase the same at private Sale, they may apply to Mr. JOSEPH WIGFALL, or
BRIAN CAPE.

READY MONEY will be given for any Quantity of PINK ROOT, well-cured, by THOMAS EVELEIGH.
April 19*th*, 1771.

ABSENTED himself from the Subscriber, on the 12th of MARCH, an indented Servant Man, named THOMAS BOWEN, born in *England*—He is about five Feet two or three Inches high, nineteen Years of Age, and is a thick squat Person, with strait black Hair, hardly long enough to tie: He had on, the Morning he went away, a blue Fearnought Jacket, a little torn, a light coloured Waistcoat, check Shirt, and an old Pair of Leather Breeches; and carried off with him a Pair of Blankets and a check Shirt.

Whoever will deliver him to the Subscriber, at Mr. *Burrows*'s Plantation, on *Charles-Town Neck*, shall receive TEN DOLLARS Currency Reward.——Whoever harbours or entertains the above Servant, may depend on being prosecuted with the utmost Rigour of the Law. BENJAMIN SPRINGER.

STOLEN or STRAYED, a dun HORSE, 14 Hands high, branded D on the Shoulder and Buttock, and has a Bow Mane: Also, a red Roan, 4 Years old, branded on the Buttock C J. Whoever delivers them to the Subscriber at the *Horse-Shoe*, or Mr. JOHN CHAMPNEYS in Charles-Town, shall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, for each.
WILLIAM JONES.

TAKEN up at Mr. Benjamin Smith's Plantation, at Goose-Creek, by John Bowler, a Chesnut Bay HORSE, about twelve Hands high, with a Blaze down his Face, Half-trim'd Mane, two Saddle Spots; branded on the mounting Shoulder with something like a □, but the Corners are very long. The Owner must prove his Property before.
April 16, 1771. JOHN REMINGTON.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 2.

To the PRINTER.

IF we recollect in what manner the King's friends have been constantly employed, we shall have no reason to be surprized at any condition of disgrace, to which the once respected name of Englishman may be degraded. His Majesty has no cares, but such as concern the laws and constitution of this country. In his royal breast there is no room left for resentment, no place for hostile sentiments against the natural enemies of his crown. The system of government is uniform.—Violence and oppression at home can only be supported by treachery and submission abroad. When the civil rights of the people are daringly invaded on one side, what have we to expect, but that their political rights should be deserted and betrayed, in the same proportion, on the other? The plan of domestic policy, which has been invariably pursued, from the moment of his present Majesty's accession, engrosses all the attention of his servants. They know that the security of their places depends upon their maintaining, at any hazard, the secret system of the closet. A foreign war might embarrass, an unfavourable event might ruin the Minister, and defeat the deep-laid scheme of policy, to which he and his associates owe their employments. Rather than suffer the execution of that scheme to be delayed or interrupted, the King has been advised to make a public surrender, a solemn sacrifice, in the face of all Europe, not only of the interests of his subjects, but of his own personal reputation, and of the dignity of that crown, which his predecessors have worn with honour. These are strong terms, Sir, but they are supported by fact and argument.

The King of Great-Britain had been for some years in possession of an island, to which, as the *Ministry* themselves have repeatedly asserted, the Spaniards had no claim of right. The importance of the place is not in question. If it were, a better judgment might be formed of it from the opinions of Lord Anson and Lord Egmont, and from the anxiety of the Spaniards, than from any fallacious insinuations thrown out by men, whose interest it is to undervalue that property which they are determined to relinquish. The pretensions of Spain were a subject of negociation between the two Courts. They had been discussed, but not admitted. The King of Spain, in these circumstances, bids adieu to amicable negociation, and appeals directly to the sword. The expedition against Port Egmont does not appear to have been a sudden ill-concerted enterprize. It seems to have been conducted not only with the usual military precautions, but in all the forms and ceremonies of war. A frigate was first employed to examine the strength of the place. A message was then sent, demanding immediate possession, in the Catholic King's name, and ordering our people to depart. At last a military force appears, and compels the garison to surrender. A formal capitulation ensues, and his Majesty's ship, which might at least have been permitted to bring home his troops immediately, is detained in port twenty days, and her rudder forcibly taken away. This train of facts carries no appearance of the rashness or violence of a Spanish Governor. On the contrary, the whole plan seems to have been formed and executed, in consequence of deliberate orders, and a regular instruction from the Spanish court. Mr. Bucarelli is not a pirate, nor has been treated as such by those who employed him. I feel for the honour of a gentleman, when I affirm, that our King owes him signal reparation.—Where will the humiliation of this country end!—A King of Great-Britain, not contented with placing himself upon a level with a Spanish Governor, descends so low as to do a notorious injustice to that Governor. As a salvo for his own reputation, he has been advised to traduce the character of a brave officer, and to treat him as a common robber, when he knew with certainty that Mr. Bucarelli had acted in obedience to his orders, and had done no more than his duty. Thus it happens, in private life, with a man who has no spirit nor sense of honour.—One of his equals orders a servant to strike him—instead of returning the blow to the master, his courage is contented with throwing an aspersion, equally false and public, upon the character of the servant.

This short recapitulation was necessary to introduce the consideration of his Majesty's speech, and the subsequent measures of government. The excessive caution, with which the speech was drawn up, had impressed upon me an early conviction, that no serious resentment was thought of, and that the conclusion of the business, whenever it happened, must, in some degree, be dishonourable to England. There appears, through the whole speech, a guard and reserve in the choice of expression, which shews how careful the Ministry were not to embarrass their future projects by any firm or spirited declaration from the Throne. When all hopes of peace are lost, his Majesty tells his Parliament, that he is preparing—not for barbarous war, but (with all his mother's softness) *for a different situation.*—It would indeed be happy for this country, if the Lady I speak of were obliged to prepare herself *for a different situation.*—An open hostility, authorized by the Catholic King, is called *an act of a Governor.* This act, to avoid the mention of a regular siege and surrender, passes under the piratical description of *seizing by force*; and the thing taken is described, not as a part of the King's territory or proper dominion, but merely as a *possession*, a word expressly chosen in contradiction to and exclusion of the idea of *right*, and to prepare us a future surrender both of the right and of the possession. Yet this speech, Sir, cautious and equivocal as it is, cannot, by any sophistry, be accommodated to the measures, which have since been adopted. It seemed to promise, that, whatever might be given up by secret stipulation, some care would be taken to save appearances to the public. The event shews us, that, to depart, in the minutest article, from the nicety and strictness of punctillio, is as dangerous to national honour, as to female virtue. The woman who admits of one familiarity, seldom knows were to stop or what to refuse; and when the counsels of a great country give way in a single instance—when once they are inclined to submission, every step accelerates the rapidity of the descent. The Ministry themselves, when they framed the speech, did not foresee, that they should ever accede to such an accommodation, as they have advised their Master to accept of.

The King says, *The honour of my crown and the rights of my people are deeply affected.* The Spaniard, in his reply, says, *I give you back possession, but I adhere to my claim of prior right, reserving the assertion of it for a more favourable opportunity.*

The speech says, *I made an immediate demand of satisfaction; and, if that fails, I am prepared to do myself justice.* This immediate demand must have been sent to Madrid on the 22d of September, or in a few days after. It was certainly refused, or evaded, and the King *has not* done himself justice. When the

first Magiſtrate ſpeaks to the nation, ſome care ſhould be taken of his apparent veracity.

The ſpeech proceeds to ſay, *I ſhall not diſcontinue my preparations until I have received proper reparation for the injury.* If this aſſurance may be relied on, what an enormous expence is entailed, *ſine die*, upon this unhappy country; reſtitution of a poſſeſſion and reparation of an injury are as different in ſubſtance, as they are in language. The very act of reſtitution may contain, as in this inſtance it palpably does, a ſhameful aggravation of the injury. A man of ſpirit does not meaſure the degree of an injury by the mere poſitive damage he has ſuſtained. He conſiders the principle on which it is founded; he reſents the ſuperiority aſſerted over him; and rejects with indignation the claim of right, which his adverſary endeavours to eſtabliſh, and would force him to acknowledge.

The motives on which the Catholic King makes reſtitution, are, if poſſible, more inſolent and diſgraceful to our Sovereign, than even the declaratory condition annexed to it. After taking four months to conſider, whether the expedition was undertaken by his own orders or not, he condeſcends to diſavow the enterprize, and to reſtore the iſland—not from any regard to juſtice; not from any regard he bears to his Britannic Majeſty, but merely *from the perſuaſion in which he is of the pacific ſentiments of the King of Great-Britain.*—At this rate, if our King had diſcovered the ſpirit of a man—if he had made a peremptory demand of ſatisfaction, the King of Spain would have given him a peremptory refuſal. But why this unſeaſonable, this ridiculous mention of the King of Great-Britain's pacific intentions? Have they ever been in queſtion? Was *He* the aggreſſor? Does he attack foreign powers without provocation? Does he even reſiſt, when he is inſulted? No, Sir, if any ideas of ſtrife or hoſtility have entered his Royal Mind, they have a different direction. The enemies of England have nothing to fear from them.

After all, Sir, to what kind of diſavowal has the King of Spain at laſt conſented? Suppoſing it made in proper time, it ſhould have been accompanied with inſtant reſtitution; and, if Mr. Bucarelli acted without orders, he deſerved death. Now, Sir, inſtead of immediate reſtitution, we have a four months negociation, and the officer, whoſe act is diſavowed, returns to Court, and is loaded with honours.

If the actual ſituation of Europe be conſidered, the treachery of the King's ſervants, particularly Lord North, who takes the whole upon himſelf, will appear in the ſtrongeſt colours of aggravation. Our Allies were maſters of the Mediterranean. The King of France's preſent averſion from war, and the diſtraction of his affairs, are notorious. He is now in a ſtate of war with his people. In vain did the Catholic King ſolicit him to take part in the quarrel againſt us. His finances were in the laſt diſorder, and it was probable that his troops might find ſufficient employment at home. In theſe circumſtances, we might have dictated the law to Spain. There are no terms, to which ſhe might not have been compelled to ſubmit. At the worſt, a war with Spain alone carries the faireſt promiſe of advantage. One good effect at leaſt would have been immediately produced by it. The deſertion of France would have irritated her Ally, and in all probability have diſſolved the Family Compact. The ſcene is now fatally changed. The advantage is thrown away;—the moſt favourable opportunity is loſt.—Hereafter we ſhall know the value of it. When the French King is reconciled to his ſubjects;—when Spain has completed her preparations;—when the collected ſtrength of the houſe of Bourbon attacks us at once, the King himſelf will be able to determine upon the wiſdom or imprudence of his preſent conduct. As far as the probability of argument extends, we may ſafely pronounce, that a conjuncture, which threatens the very being of this country, has been wilfully prepared and forwarded by our Miniſtry. How far the people may be animated to reſiſtance under the preſent Adminiſtration, I know not; but this I know with certainty, that under the preſent Adminiſtration, or if any thing like it ſhould continue, it is of very little moment whether we are a conquered nation or not.

Having travelled thus far in the high road of matter of fact, I may now be permitted to wander a little into the field of imagination. Let us baniſh from our minds the perſuaſion that theſe events have really happened in the reign of the beſt of Princes. Let us conſider them as nothing more than the materials of a fable, in which we may conceive the Sovereign of ſome other country to be concerned. I mean to violate all the laws of probability, when I ſuppoſe that this imaginary King, after having voluntarily diſgraced himſelf in the eyes of his ſubjects, might return to a ſenſe of his diſhonour;—that he might perceive the ſnare laid for him by his Miniſters, and feel a ſpark of ſhame kindling in his breaſt.—The part he muſt then be obliged to act, would overwhelm him with confuſion. To his Parliament he muſt ſay, *I called you together to receive your advice, and have never aſked your opinion.*—To the Merchant.—*I have diſtreſſed your commerce, I have dragged your ſeamen out of your ſhips, I have loaded you with a grievous weight of inſurance.*—To the Landholder.—*I told you war was too probable, when I was determined to ſubmit to any terms of accommodation; I extorted new taxes from you, before it was poſſible they could be wanted, and am now unable to account for the application of them.*—To the public Creditor.—*I have delivered up your fortunes a prey to foreigners, and to the vileſt of your fellow-ſubjects.* Perhaps this repenting Prince might conclude with one general acknowledgment to them all.—*I have involved every rank of my ſubjects in anxiety and diſtreſs, and have nothing to offer you in return, but the certainty of national diſhonour, an armed truce, and peace without ſecurity.*

If theſe accounts were ſettled, there would ſtill remain an apology to be made to the navy and to his army. To the firſt he would ſay, *You were once the terror of the world: But go back to your harbours: A man diſhonoured, as I am, has no uſe for your ſervice.* It is not probable that he would appear again before his ſoldiers, even in the pacific ceremony of a review. But whether he appeared, the humiliating confeſſion would be extorted from him. *I have received a blow, and had not ſpirit to reſent it. I demanded ſatisfaction, and have accepted of a declaration, in which the right to ſtrike me again is aſſerted and confirmed.* His countenance at leaſt would ſpeak this language, and even his guards would bluſh for him.

But to return to our argument.—The Miniſtry, it ſeems are labouring to draw a line of diſtinction between the honour of the Crown and the rights of the people. This new idea has yet been only ſtarted in diſcourſe, for in effect both objects have been equally ſacrificed. I neither underſtand the diſtinction, nor what uſe the Miniſtry propoſe to make of it. The King's honour is that of his people. *Their* real honour and real intereſt are the ſame.—I am not contending for a vain punctilio. A clear, unblemiſhed character comprehends not only the integrity that will not offer, but the ſpirit that will not ſubmit to an injury; and whether it belongs to an individual or to a community, it is the foundation of peace, of independance, and of ſafety. Private credit is wealth;—public honour is ſecurity.—The feather that adorns the royal bird, ſupports his flight. Strip him of his plumage, and you fix him to the earth.

JUNIUS.

[*This celebrated Writer* (if he could) *ſhould have proved the* INDISPUTABLE RIGHT *to Falkland's Iſlands.*]

New Advertiſements.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to ſuch of the Creditors of JOHN COOPER, late of Charles-Town, Merchant, as I have not already paid, to ſend in to me, on or before the 20th Day of May next, Accompts of their reſpective Demands, properly vouched or atteſted, to the Intent that a Diviſion may, without Delay, be made amongſt them, of a Balance remaining in my Hands as a Truſtee, in Average and Proportion, and according to the Amount of their ſeveral Demands.

April 20th, 1771. JAMES PARSONS.

THE pleaſant airy HOUSE wherein the Subſcriber now lives, oppoſite Col. LAURENS, is to be LET, and may be entered on the firſt of *June* next. Apply to ſaid Col. Laurens, or

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

On Thurſday *the 9th of* May, *will be* Sold,

at public Vendue, at the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,

A TRACT of LAND, containing Two Hundred and Eighty-four Acres, in the Pariſh of *St. Bartholomew*, bounding on Land of Mr. *Thomas Lardon*, and others.—This Tract contains ſome good Rice Land, and the Reſt very valuable Timber, ſuch as Pine, Oak, &c. being Part of the Eſtate of Mr. *Edward Perry*, ſen. deceaſed.

*** As there is an immediate Neceſſity for ſettling the Concerns of the ſaid Eſtate, thoſe who are indebted, are deſired to make Payment; and thoſe who have any Demands, to ſend in their Accompts, to JOHN TONGE, *Executor.*

SEVEN COACH HORSES,

Will be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,

On THURSDAY the ſecond Day of MAY next.

CHARLES-TOWN, APRIL 19, 1771.

A Meeting of the Creditors of JOHN COOPER, late of this Place, Merchant, is propoſed at the Houſe of Mrs. *Poinſett*, on *Wedneſday* next, at four o'Clock in the Afternoon, where they are deſired to bring in States of their Claims.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Captain WILLIAM BELLINGER, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and thoſe having Demands againſt it, to ſend them in, atteſted.

JOHN BELLINGER, Executor.

RUN-AWAY,

A NEGRO FELLOW, named MOSES, formerly the Property of *Jacob Motte*, Eſq; deceaſed. Whoever will deliver him to the Subſcriber, or to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward. JOHN HUGER.

A Careful ſober WENCH, without a Child, is wanted for a WET-NURSE, to Hire or Purchaſe. Enquire of the Printer.

CHARLES-TOWN, APRIL 19th, 1771.

STOLEN or STRAYED, from Mrs. WRIGHT's Plantation, on the *Gooſe-Creek* Road, a little below the Ten Mile Houſe, on Wedneſday the 10th Inſtant:—A Large cheſnut GELDING, with a blaze down his Face, marked RC; has been hurt on one of his hind Legs. Whoever will deliver the ſaid Horſe at the above Plantation, or in Charles-Town, ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED into Mrs. WRIGHT's Paſture, a light dun HORSE, marked on the Shoulder and Buttock, ſomething like thus P. The Owner muſt apply as above.

THOMAS CARTER, of Little Saludy River, advertiſes a grey MARE, about 13 Hands one Inch high, branded on the near Shoulder H S

2, and on the Thigh 2; ſhe has a Colt, which always keeps about his Houſe. The Owner may prove his Property before JOHN FAIRCHILD, J. P.

P. S. A brown bay Horſe, with a dull Star, branded ⓘ, with other Brands, that cannot be made out, which has been advertiſed by Thomas Carter, of the Branches of Ediſto, will ſhortly be publicly SOLD, by the Subſcriber, if not properly claimed, there being many pretended Owners.

JOHN FAIRCHILD.

A Small brown bay MARE, branded ſomething reſembling a Diamond and R on the near Thigh; with a Two-year old Horſe Colt, neither docked nor branded: Taken up by PATRICK MCDOUGAL, of Great Saludy. The Owner muſt prove the Property, before JOHN FAIRCHILD.

To be SOLD, by private Contract,

A PLANTATION, or TRACT of LAND, containing Two Hundred and Seven Acres (more or leſs) ſituate and lying in ST. ANDREW's Pariſh, on the Way to GOOSE-CREEK, about Eight Miles from CHARLES-TOWN; which ſhort Diſtance makes it very convenieht and profitable to attend the Market. The Land produces good Corn; and Fifty Acres may be planted with Rice, as proper Dams are made to keep Water on ſaid Land; every Field is alſo double ditched, which makes it ſafe, and ſpares fencing. On ſaid Plantation there is a good Dwelling-Houſe, and Out-Houſes anſwerable.

Alſo, a Stock of NEAT CATTLE, HOGS, CART and HORSES, &c. to be diſpoſed of.

My only Motive for diſpoſing of ſaid Plantation is my late bad State of Health, which prevents my giving the Attendance that is requiſite. Credit will be given for one, two, or three Years, on paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may treat with

JOHN ERNEST POYAS.

CHARLES-TOWN, MARCH 25, 1771.

WHEREAS the Co-partnerſhips of JAMES WILSON, JOHN CORAM, and RICHARD WAYNE, under their ſeveral Firms and Connections, are diſſolved; and Part of the Eſtate and Intereſt thereunto belonging, is by us made over to Mr. GEORGE DICKINSON, in *Charles-Town*, in Truſt for their Creditors in *England*; and the Remainder to JACOB VALK, in Truſt for the Payment of their Creditors in this Province.——All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Co-partnerſhips (and in particular thoſe who have open Accompts) are deſired to diſcharge the ſame, or give Security immediately, to the Truſtees aforeſaid, to prevent ſuch Meaſures being purſued, as muſt be diſagreeable to all Parties.

JAMES WILSON,
JOHN CORAM,
RICHARD WAYNE.

[3m.]

Advertiſements.

For LONDON,

THE SHIP

MARLBOROUGH,

GEORGE PRESWICK, *Maſter.*

HAVING Two-thirds of her Cargo engaged, will ſail by the 20th or 25th Inſtant. For Freight of Rice, Indico, or Skins, apply to ſaid Maſter, at Champneys's Wharf.

AARON LOOCOCK, OR
ANDREW LORD.

For PORTUGAL, LONDON, *or the* MARKETS,

THE SNOW

TWO BROTHERS,

JAMES NANKEVILL, *Maſter.*

Will carry about Six Hundred and Fifty Barrels of RICE.

ALSO,

THE SHIP

ADMIRAL SPRY,

PETER HILL, Maſter.

BURTHEN Seven Hundred and Fifty Barrels of RICE. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſters, or

GEORGE-ABBOTT HALL, & Co.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On THURSDAY *the 25th Inſtant, Part of the Perſonal Eſtate of* FARQUHAR MCGILLIVRAY, *late of Charles-Town, Cabinet-Maker, deceaſed*;

CONSISTING of Wearing-Apparel, two Silver Snuff Boxes, one Pair Shoe Buckles, one Stock Buckle, one Piece of coarſe Broad Cloth, and a few other Articles.

*** All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt it, are requeſted to ſend them in, properly atteſted, to GEORGE GRAY, *Adminiſtrator.*

Who offers a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS Currency, to any Perſon that will deliver to him, Part of the BOOKS OF ACCOMPTS of ſaid *McGillivray*, that are miſſing, or give ſuch Information ſo that they may be found.

To be SOLD very cheap, for CASH,

A VERY handſome light ſingle CHAISE:—It has never been uſed but one Journey, and is good as new. There is with it a Harneſs for one Horſe, very little the worſe for Wear. The Workmanſhip of this Chaiſe is remarkably well done, the Wheels in particular, are a Curioſity. Inquire of the Printer, or of MATTHIAS HUTCHINSON, Chair-Maker, in Queen-ſtreet, where it may be ſeen.

St. Thomas & St. Dennis, April 1, 1771.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Perſons liable to work on the HIGH ROADS in this Pariſh, to make a Return, upon Oath, to one of the Commiſſioners, of all their Males from the Age of 16 to 60 Years, on or before the third Monday (being the 20th) of next Month, or Executions will be granted againſt every Defaulter.

By Order of the Board of Commiſſioners,
ROBERT GIBSON, Clerk.

AS I propoſe quitting my preſent Buſineſs, and to retire into the Country, I hereby give Notice, that on WEDNESDAY the firſt Day of MAY next, all my HOUSHOLD-FURNITURE and NEGROES will be peremptorily SOLD, on the following Conditions, viz. For all Sums above *One Hundred Pounds*, Credit will be given to the firſt Day of MAY 1772, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security, and the Caſh to be paid down for all ſmaller Purchaſes: The Property not to be altered, until theſe Terms are complied with.

I alſo requeſt the Favour of all thoſe (without Diſtinction) that are indebted to me, to pay or ſettle their reſpective Accompts, as this will poſitively be the LAST Notice: Such as do not avail themſelves thereof, muſt expect to find their Accompts in proper Hands to be ſued for, as I am determined to deliver into my Attorney's Hands, all ſuch Debts as remain unpaid the firſt of *June* next:—Thoſe to whom I am indebted, are deſired to ſend in their Accompts for Payment. ROBERT DILLON.

N. B. His HOUSE will be ſhut up the 15th Inſtant.

WILLIAM SYKES,

Has imported in the Brigantine PRINCE OF WALES, WILLIAM MOORE, *Maſter, from* PHILADELPHIA, *and to be ſold on reaſonable Terms, at his Store on the* BAY,

LEWIS's ſuperfine Flour in Barrels, Half Barrels, and Kegs; Ship Bread; choice Salt-petred Hams; beſt Double Beer in Barrels, and Half Barrels; Milk, Water, and Butter Biſcuit; Bar-Iron; a Variety of Windſor Chairs; and a few Pipes of Madera Wine, &c.

Likewiſe Fifteen Hundred Buſhels of SALT, to be ſold at *Five Shillings* per Buſhel.

A good OVERSEER,

WELL recommended (a ſingle Man would be preferred) in Want of Employment, may hear of a Place and good Encouragement, by applying at the Printing-Office, in Broad-Street.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by P. TIMOTHY.